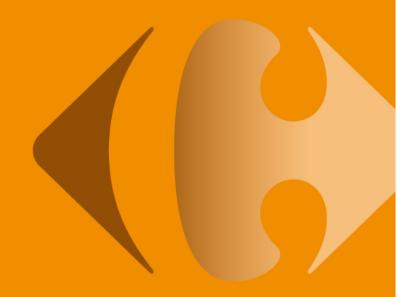
#### Carrefour

#### Our GMO policy:

# More than 10 years of listening to consumers



European Parliament, Brussels, 16 September 2010

#### **Carrefour facts**

Largest retailer in Europe - 2<sup>nd</sup> worldwide

Present in 10 EU countries, more than 30 around the world

4 outlet formats: hypermarket, supermarket, convenience stores and discount stores

25 million customers per day (checkout transactions)

Almost 26 000 Quality line suppliers

€ 85,963 billion turnover

+ 475 000 employees



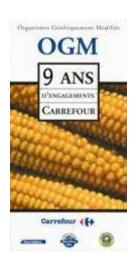
Data source: Sustainable Development Report 2009, "L'essentiel 2008", Carrefour

# Past activities at a glance

1996 Application of the precautionary principle

1998 GMO-free Carrefour own-brand products

2000 First cargo with non-GM feed



2003 Prohibited to communicate on GMO absence in France because of the detection threshold

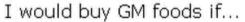
2004 German legislation on non-GM labelling

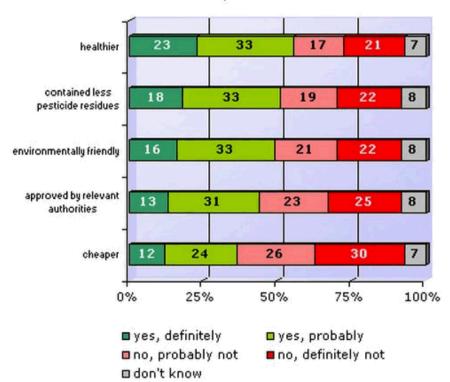
2009 Common position of stakeholders in France on non-GM labelling – still waiting for the legislative act

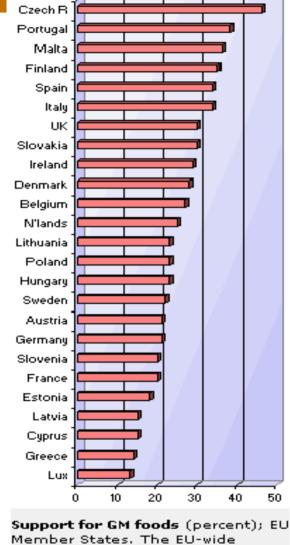
## Consumers' perception

Table 15: Approval of GM food and panotechnology

Unqualified and qualified approval	%	%	%
	Europe	US	Canada
GM food	45	61	53
Nanotechnology	76	81	81







average is 27 percent.

Data source: Europeans and Biotechnology in 2005: Patterns and Trends, Eurobarometer 64.3, May 2006

## Supply of non-GM feed

France's needs for soya imports: < 5 millions tons

- => Mainly from Brazil
- => Proportion of non-GM soya: 20% (+/-800 000 tons)
- => Non-GM needs for Carrefour: +/- 200 000 tons

Brazilian soya production: more than 60 million tons

=> Non-GM production: 30 to 40 %

=> Non-GM bonus fee/ton: from €12 to €90 – average between €30 and €40.

#### **Result:**

Surcharge for chickens and pork at the slaughterhouse: on average €3 cents/kg

=> Outside the standard market prices

# Sustainability of the policy

- Number of product references concerned in Carrefour France: almost 400 products
- 3 challenges:
- ⇒Sustainability of supply
  - ⇒ Ensuring non-GM Soya is available
- ⇒Sustainability of segregation
  - ⇒ Ensuring the absence of contamination in transport
- ⇒Sustainability of choice
  - ⇒Ensuring the consumers are aware, via labeling

#### Useful information to consumers

- Offering a visible alternative:
  - Non-GMO labels are popping up everywhere:







- Requirements:
  - Positive Labeling: Non-GM Label better than GM labels
  - clear and harmonised non-GM labelling rules for animal foodstuffs
  - Introduction of a single threshold for accidental presence up to 0.9% by species

## Thanks for your attention!



"Let's not stop progress. Let's orient it in the right way!"